TECHNICAL PLANNING ACTIVITY FOR FUSION TECHNOLOGY

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TPA STEERING COMMITTEE MEETING, ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY JUNE 4-5, 1985

MFPP SUMMARY

GOAL

"ESTABLISH THE SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL BASE REQUIRED FOR FUSION ENERGY"

(THE SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL BASE SHOULD BE SUFFICIENT TO ASSESS THE TECHNICAL, ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL POTENTIAL OF FUSION AS AN ENERGY SOURCE).

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

- 1. <u>SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVE</u>: IS TO BE ABLE TO PREDICT, CONTROL AND OPTIMIZE THE BEHAVIOR OF PLASMA CONFINED IN FUSION RELEVANT MAGNETIC CONFIGURATIONS.
- 2. TECHNOLOGY OBJECTIVE: IS TO SHOW THAT IT IS POSSIBLE TO CREATE THE UNIQUE FUSION COMPONENTS AND SUBSYSTEMS UNDER CONDITIONS RELEVANT TO FUSION ENERGY SOURCES.
- 3. <u>Technology Transfer Objective</u>: is to provide a range of options for private sector investment and commerical development of fusion.

MFPP SUMMARY (CONT'D)

STRATEGY

- ESSENCE: "MAINTAIN A BROAD DOMESTIC RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM WITH EMPHASIS ON ESTABLISHING THE BASIC ELEMENTS (COMPONENTS OR SUBSYSTEMS) OF THE SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY REQUIRED FOR FUSION."
- MUST TAKE INTO ACCOUNT:

KEY TECHNICAL ISSUES

- MAGNETIC CONFINEMENT SYSTEMS
- PROPERTIES OF BURNING PLASMAS
- MATERIALS OF FUSION SYSTEMS
- NUCLEAR TECHNOLOGY OF FUSION SYSTEMS

• SCHEDULE

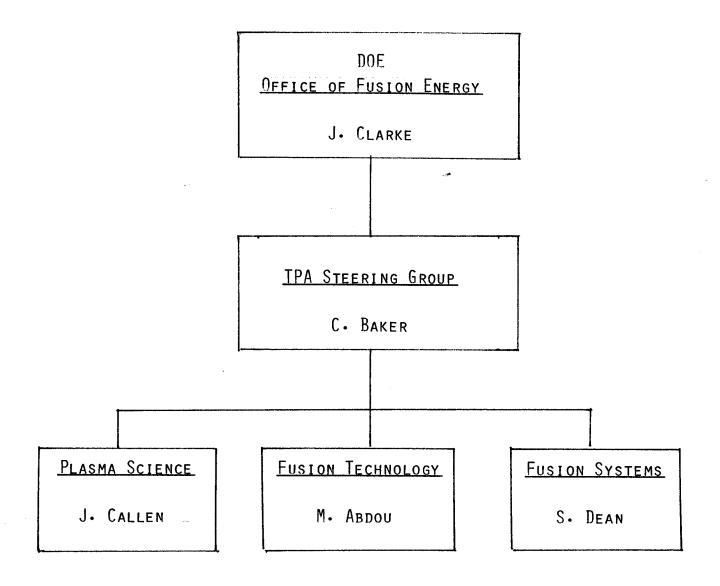
SOLVE FUSION'S TECHNICAL PROBLEMS WITHIN A TIME FRAME KEYED TO RESOLUTION OF PROBLEMS IN OTHER AREAS OF ENERGY DEVELOPMENT

• Resources

- TECHNICAL PERSONNEL
 - UNIVERSITIES, CREATIVE RESEARCH WITHIN OVERALL PROGRAM
- Budgets
 - SUPPORT DOMESTIC PROGRAM FOR EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION
 - SUPPORT APPROPRIATE EXPERIMENTS, FACILITIES
- INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

• NEXT 5 YEARS:

- INTENSIVE EFFORT TO IDENTIFY COST-EFECTIVE COMPONENT AND SYSTEM TEST FACILITIES FOR RESOLVING THE KEY TECHNICAL ISSUES
- IF MORE INTEGRATED AND EXPENSIVE FACILITIES ARE NEEDED.....DEGREE OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION



TECHNOLOGY STEERING COMMITTEE (TSC)

MOHAMED A. ABDOU, CHAIRMAN

LEE A. BERRY (ORNL)

WILL GAUSTER (SANDIA)

CARL D. HENNING (LLNL)

MICHAEL KORENKO (W/HEDL)

JAMES A. MANISCALCO* (TRW)

JOHN SCHMIDT (PPPL)

Dale L. Smith (ANL)

HERBERT WOODSON (11. OF TEXAS)

TECHNICAL DISCIPLINES IN FUSION TECHNOLOGY

NUCLEAR PHYSICS

NEUTRON TRANSPORT

THERMODYNAMICS

FLUID MECHANICS

CHEMISTRY

ELECTROMAGNETICS

STRUCTURAL MECHANICS

METALLURGY

RADIATION DAMAGE

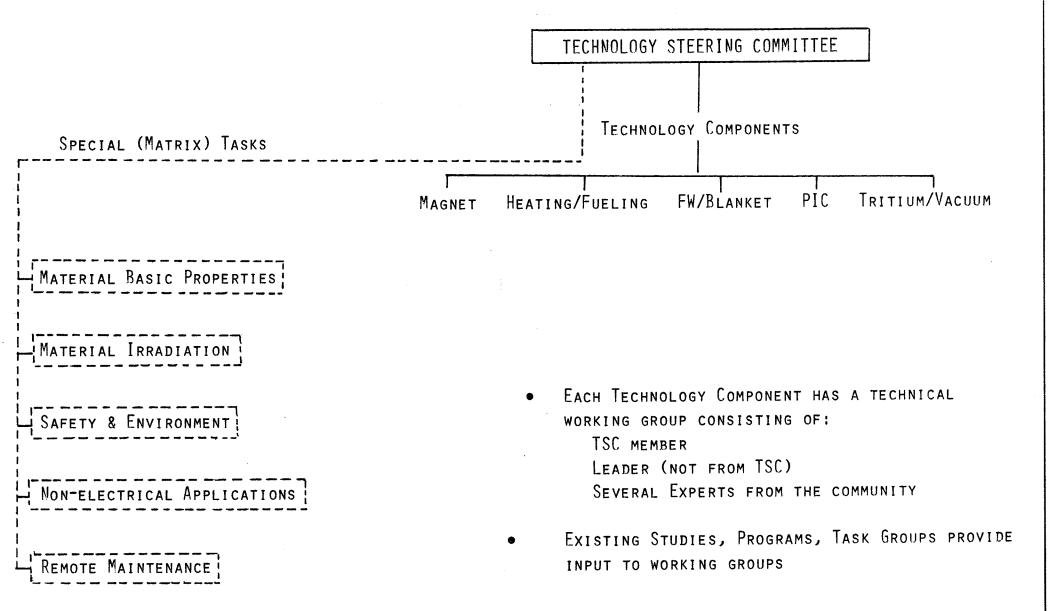
NUCLEAR, MECHANICAL, CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

FUSION TECHNOLOGY COMPONENTS

- FIRST WALL/BLANKET/SHIELD

 (INCLUDING HEAT TRANSPORT SYSTEM)
- PLASMA INTERACTIVE COMPONENTS (PIC)

 (FIRST WALL, LIMITERS/DIVERTORS, DIRECT CONVERTORS, ETC.)
- TRITIUM PROCESSING/VACUUM SYSTEM
- MAGNETS
 (INCLUDING ASSOCIATED POWER SUPPLIES)
- PLASMA HEATING/FUELING SYSTEMS
- INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL SYSTEMS
- REMOTE MAINTENANCE



COMPONENT (OR TASK)	SC MEMBER	LEADER	MEMBERS
MAGNETS	HENNING	MONTGOMERY	·
HEATING/FUELING	BERRY		
FW/BLANKET/SHIELD	Abdou	GIERSZEWSKI	
Tritium Processing/Vacuum		BARTLIT	
PLASMA INTERACTIVE COMPONENTS	GAUSTER/SCHMIDT		
MATERIAL BASIC PROPERTIES	Smith		
MATERIAL IRRADIATION	Korenko/Smith		
SAFETY & ENVIRONMENT	<u> </u>	CROCKER	
Non-ELECTRICAL APPLICATIONS	MANISCALCO	BERWALD	
REMOTE MAINTENANCE			

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EXAMPLES OF TECHNICAL WORKING GROUPS

<u>MAGNETS</u>

SC MEMBER: C. HENNING

GROUP LEADER: B. MONTGOMERY

HEATING/FUELING

SC MEMBER: L. BERRY

GROUP LEADER:

- D. SWAIN
- D. BAKER
- J. RAWLS
- H. HAZELTON
 - J. HOSEA
 - S. FRIJIE

FIRST WALL/BLANKET/SHIELD

SC MEMBER: M. ABDOU

TECHNICAL GROUP LEADER: P. GIERSZEWSKI

- D. K. Sze
- R. MATTAS
- C. Johnson
- M. TILLACK
- J. GROVER
- D. BERWALD
- C. GARNER
- T. CARPENTER
- W. WIFFEN (OR R. CLIFF)
- J. DAVIS
- K. SCHULTZ
- M. HOFFMAN

BASIC MATERIAL PROPERTIES

• PURPOSE: PROVIDE ACROSS THE BOARD ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS AND PRIORITIES FOR BASIC MATERIAL PROPERTIES (PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL, MECHANICAL AND NUCLEAR PROPERTIES)

NOTE THAT IRRADIATION IS INCLUDED IN A SPECIAL TASK GROUP AND UNDER COMPONENTS.

Under Basic Properties address irradiation only for:

- SINGLE MATERIAL TESTS
- IRRADIATION IN **EXISTING** FACILITIES

SC Member: D. Smith

GROUP LEADER:

MATERIAL IRRADIATION

- THIS TASK GROUP WILL ADDRESS "SPECIFIC DIFFICULT QUESTIONS"
 ON MATERIAL IRRADIATION IN FUSION ENVIRONMENT
- Motivation for Task:

BEYOND EXISTING IRRADIATION FACILITIES (I.E., FISSION REACTORS, ION SIMULATION), A NEW FACILITY TO PROVIDE FUSION ENVIRONMENT (E.G., FMIT-LIKE, FERF-LIKE) MAY NOT BE BUILT IN THE MFPP TIME FRAME (NOW TO THE YEAR 2000). THE IMPACT OF SUCH A POSSIBILITY NEEDS TO BE CAREFULLY ADDRESSED.

Scope

- EVALUATE THE LEVEL OF CONFIDENCE IN PREDICTING MATERIAL BEHAVIOR UNDER IRRADIATON ATTAINABLE IN THE YEAR 2000 USING ONLY EXISTING FACILITIES
- Assess the impact of the Lack of Fusion testing environment on selection of material candidates to be included in TPA strategy.
 - E.G., CAN WE STILL INCLUDE AN ADVANCED STRUCTURAL ALLOY IN R&D PLAN FOR SELECTION OF A BLANKET IN THE NEXT 15 YEARS? LOW ACTIVATION STRATEGY? ANY IMPACT ON BREEDER MATERIAL CHOICES?
- EVALUATE THE IMPROVEMENT IN CONFIDENCE LEVEL IN THE YEAR 2000 IF TESTING IN THE FUSION ENVIRONMENT WAS POSSIBLE BEFORE THEN TO A TESTING FLUENCE OF 3 MW·Y/m²
- PROVIDE INPUT TO BLANKET GROUP IN THEIR SUBTASK OF EVALUATING AND COMPARING OPTIONS FOR FUSION TESTING (ACCELERATOR-DRIVEN OR PLASMA-DRIVEN)

TRITIUM PROCESSING/VACUUM

SC Member: ? (Anderson?) (Abdou?)

GROUP LEADER: J. BARTLIT OR J. ANDERSON

MEMBERS

D. K. Sze

J. REIMANN

K. WILSON

(OTHERS FROM LANL?)

PLASMA INTERACTIVE COMPONENTS

SC Member(s): W. Gauster, J. Schmidt

TECHNICAL GROUP LEADER: ?

- K. WILSON
- R. McGrath
- J. WHITELY
- R. WATSON
- J. Brooks
- R. MATTAS
- B. LIPSCHULTZ
- P. GIERSZEWSKI
- S. COHEN
- D. GOEBELS
- F. CLINARD
- J. DOWNING

SAFETY & ENVIRONMENT

• Scope

- Examine Options and Define Guidelines for MFPP strategy TO IMPROVE SAFETY & ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRACTIVENESS OF FUSION BY THE YEAR 2000
- INTERACT WITH "TECHNOLOGY COMPONENT GROUPS" AND SUGGEST MODIFICATIONS, GUIDELINES, AND SPECIFIC EXPERIMENTS/ FACILITIES NOT COVERED BY GROUPS
- SC Member: ? (Crocker?)

GROUP LEADER: J. CROCKER

- M. KAZIMI
- S. PIET
- J. BARTLIT
- J. HOLDREN
- M. TILLACK

NON-ELECTRICAL APPLICATIONS

Assess Impact of Non-Electrical Applications defined by the TPA Systems Group on the R&D defined in the Technology Group

SC Member: J. Maniscalco

GROUP LEADER: D. BERWALD

MEMBERS

R. Moir

REMOTE MAINTENANCE

• ARE THERE ASPECTS OF REMOTE MAINTENANCE THAT NEED TO BE ADDRESSED BY A R&D PROGRAM SEPARATE FROM THOSE FOR TECHNOLOGY COMPONENTS AND PROJECT DEVICES (E.G., IGNITION DEVICE PROJECT)?

SC Member: ? (Henning?)

GROUP LEADER: ? (L. MASSON?)

"STRUCTURED" APPROACH FOR TPA TECHNOLOGY

• OBJECTIVES

- OVERALL OBJECTIVE FROM MFPP
- Develop <u>measurable</u> (sub)objectives for each technology component

ATTRIBUTES

 Develop attributes (evaluation scales) to measure progress toward goals (facilitates comparison of relative worth of issues, facilities, alternative pathways, etc.)

• CHARACTERIZE ISSUES

- QUANTIFIED UNDERSTANDING OF KEY ISSUES (POTENTIAL IMPACT, CONDITIONS UDNER WHICH ISSUE BECOMES DOMINANT OR UNIMPORTANT, ETC.)

• QUANTIFY EXPERIMENTAL NEEDS

- IDENTIFY DESIRED EXPERIMENTS AND KEY EXPERIMENTAL CONDITIONS TO RESOLVE KEY ISSUES

• EVALUATE FACILITIES

EXISTING

- EVALUATE CAPABILITIES AND LIMITATIONS
- IDENTIFY EXPERIMENTS
- ESTIMATE COSTS, TIME

NEW

- EXPLORE TESTING IDEAS
- DEFINE MAJOR NEW FACILITIES
- ESTIMATE COSTS, TIME

KEY ELEMENTS OF APPROACH FOR TPA TECHNOLOGY (CONT'D)

- DEVELOP TEST PLAN ALTERNATIVES
 - DEFINE ALTERNATIVE R&D PATHWAYS AND LOGIC (DESIGN OPTIONS TO BE INCLUDED, ISSUES TO BE ADDRESSED, EXPERIMENTS TO BE PERFORMED, FACILITIES TO BE USED, SEQUENTIAL OR PARALLEL TIMING, ETC.)
 - ELIMINATE CLEARLY UNACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE PATHWAYS
 - PREDICT CONSEQUENCES OF REMAINING ALTERNATIVE PATHWAYS (RESULTS FROM PATHWAY ELEMENTS MAY BE POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE, DEGREE OF PROGRESS TOWARD OBJECTIVES, ETC.)
 - Determine preference of community/OFE to consequences
- EVALUATE AND COMPARE ALTERNATIVES
- ITERATE

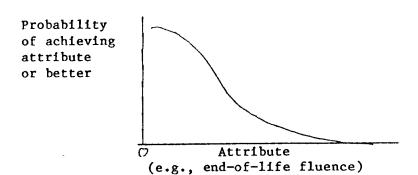
DECISION PROBLEMS

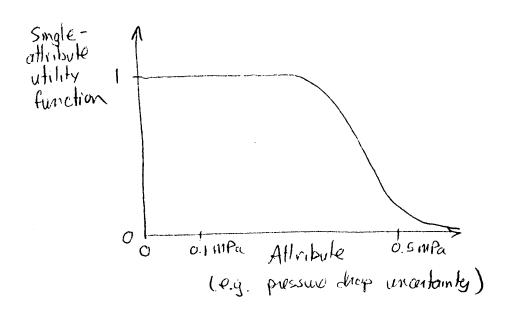
In order to simplify the problem, a number of distinct decision problems will be considered separately. These are:

- A) Determine optimum blanket development test plan assuming modest funding levels (15 year test plan, no major facilities over 100 M\$ such as FMIT or FERF). Include plans that develop a primary LM blanket, multiple LM blankets, primary SB blanket, multiple SB blankets, and combined SB/LM blankets. Test plans should have comparable funding levels (to be determined). Alternative test plans within the above categories may be considered to better illustrate the "optimal" plans. Test plans will be determined by each technical group.
- B) Comparison of utility of blanket test plans with FMIT-class facility versus those with FERF-class facility (or with both?), for LM, SB and SB/LM test plans.
- C) Comparison of two overall fusion test plans: fusion technology test plan with FERF or FMIT (whichever is more useful from (B) plus physics test plan with BCX device, and fusion technology test plan without FERF or FMIT plus physics test plan without BCX.

Initial efforts are focussed on Decision Problem A.

Figure 2: Representative input to decision analysis evaluation from technical group for a particular test plan.





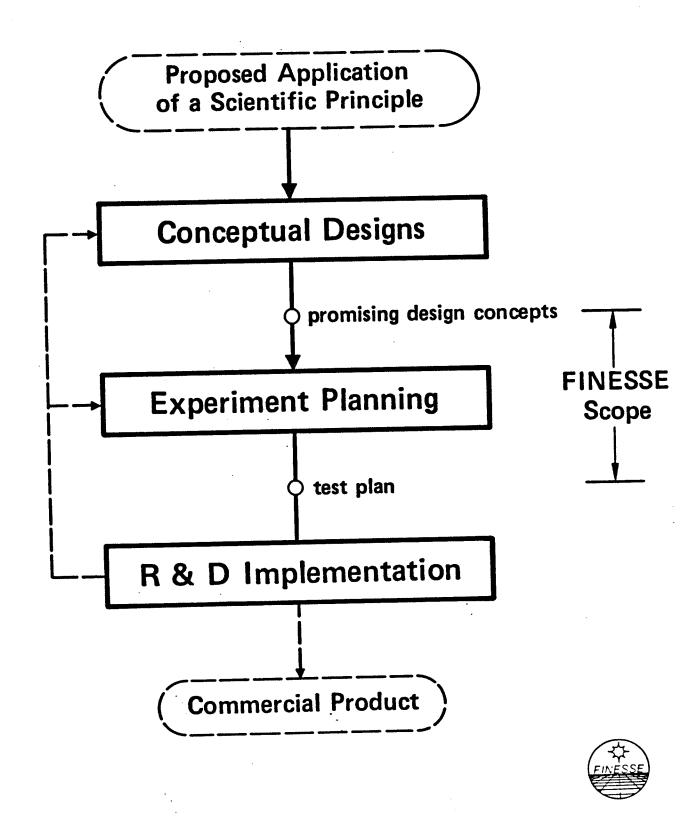
APPENDIX

FINESSE PROCESS

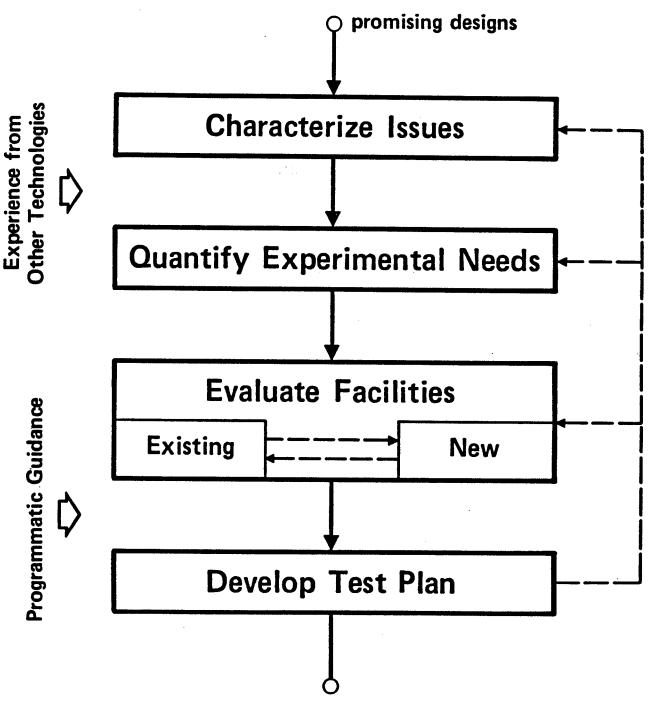
In the course of carrying out FINESSE, a Process for Experiment Technical Planning has evolved. This process has proved useful in technical planning of Fusion Nuclear Technology. The process has important features relevant to TPA. Highlights of the process follow. Details are provided in the FINESSE reports.

EXPERIMENT PLANNING

Is a Key Element of Technology Development



FINESSE PROCESS For Experiment Planning



Role, Timing, Characteristics of Major Experiments, Facilities



Characterize Issues

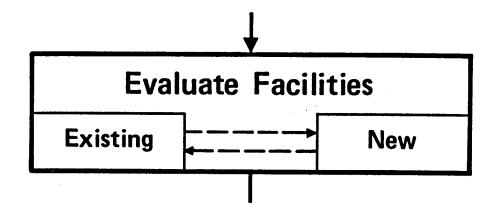
- Assess Accuracy and Completeness of Existing Data and Models
- Analyze Scientific/Engineering Phenomena to Determine (Anticipate) Behavior, Interactions and Governing Parameters in Fusion Reactor Environment
- Evaluate Effect of Uncertainties on Design Performance
- Compare Tolerable and Estimated Uncertainties
- △ Quantified Understanding of Important Issues, Interactions, Parameters . . .



Quantify Experimental Needs

- Survey Needed Experiments
- Explore Engineering Scaling Options
 (Engineering Scaling is a Process to Develop Meaningful Tests at Experimental Conditions and Parameters Less Than Those in a Reactor)
- Evaluate Effects of Scaling on Usefulness of Experiments in Resolving Issues
- Develop Technical Test Criteria for Preserving Design-Relevant Behavior
- Identify Desired Experiments and Key Experimental Conditions





- Survey (Availability)
- Evaluate Capabalities and Limitations
- Define Meaningful Experiments (Experiment Conceptual Design a Tool)
- Estimate Costs

- Explore Innovative Testing Ideas
- Assess Feasibility of Obtaining Desired Information (e.g. I & C Limitations)
- Develop Preliminary
 Conceptual Designs of Facilities
 Cost Estimates
- Trade offs in Sequential and Parallel Experiments and Facilities
- O Define Major Facilities



Develop Test Plan

- Define Test Program Scenarios Based on
 - Promising Design Concepts
 - Importance of Issues
 - Desired Experiments
 - Possible Test Facilities
- Compare Risk, Usefulness and Cost of Test Program Scenarios



POTENTIAL IMPACT

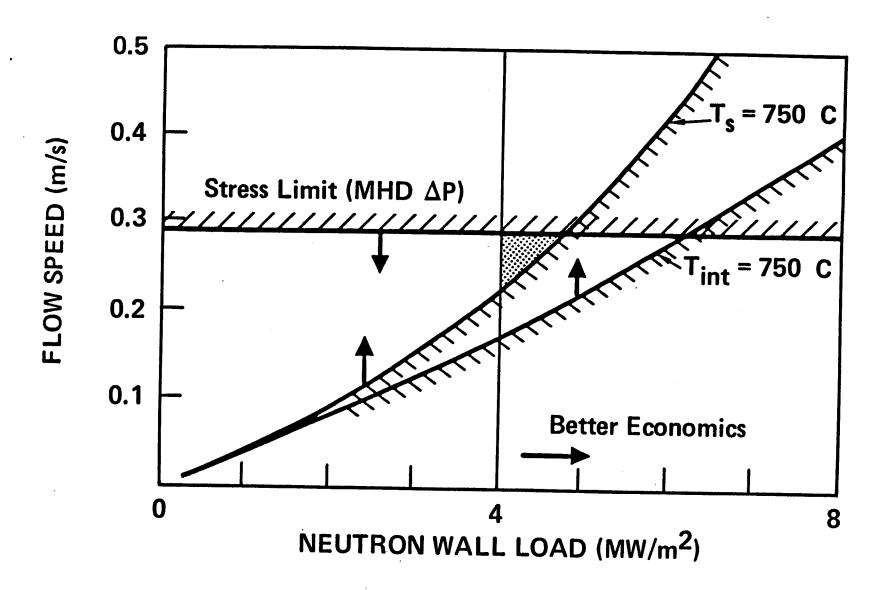
Feasibility Issues

- May Close the Design Window
- May Result in Unacceptable Safety Risk
- May Result in Unacceptable Reliability, Availability or Lifetime

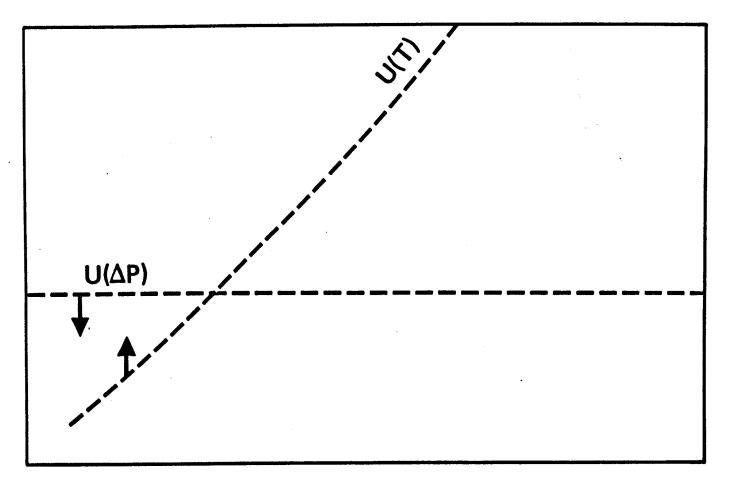
Attractiveness Issues

- Reduced System Performance
- Reduced Component Lifetime
- Increased System Cost
- Less Desirable Safety or Environmental Impact





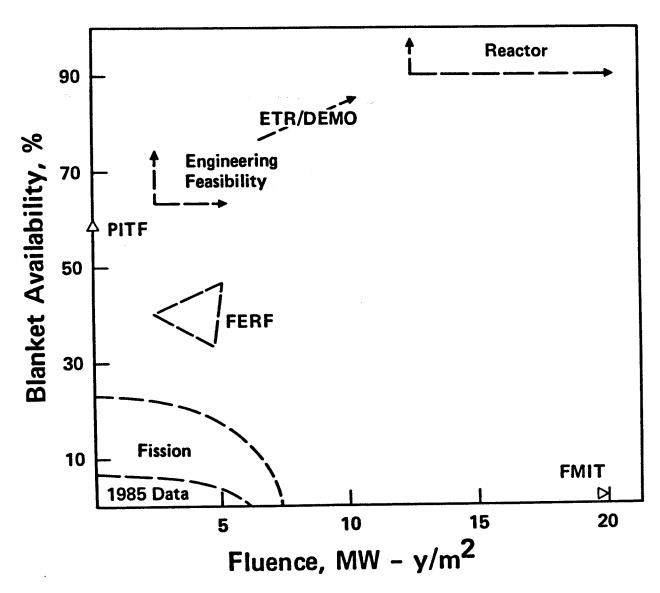




U(T): Any of: T_s = 650 C T_{int} = 550 C h_m = 0.7h

Uncertainties in MHD, Corrosion, Heat Transfer, Radiation Effects Represent Major Issues

Obtaining Availability and Fluence Data For Blanket Is Most Difficult





Role of Facilities For Fusion Nuclear Technology

Type of Test	Basic Tests	Single, Multiple Interaction	Integrated	Component
Purpose of Test	Property Measurement	Phenomena Exploration	Concept Verification	Reliability
Non-Neutron Test Stands	· 	PITF Φ		
Point Neutron Sources		⊦- →		
Fission Reactors	├	MSB 		
Fusion Test Device (FERF)		 		
ETR/DEMO				



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