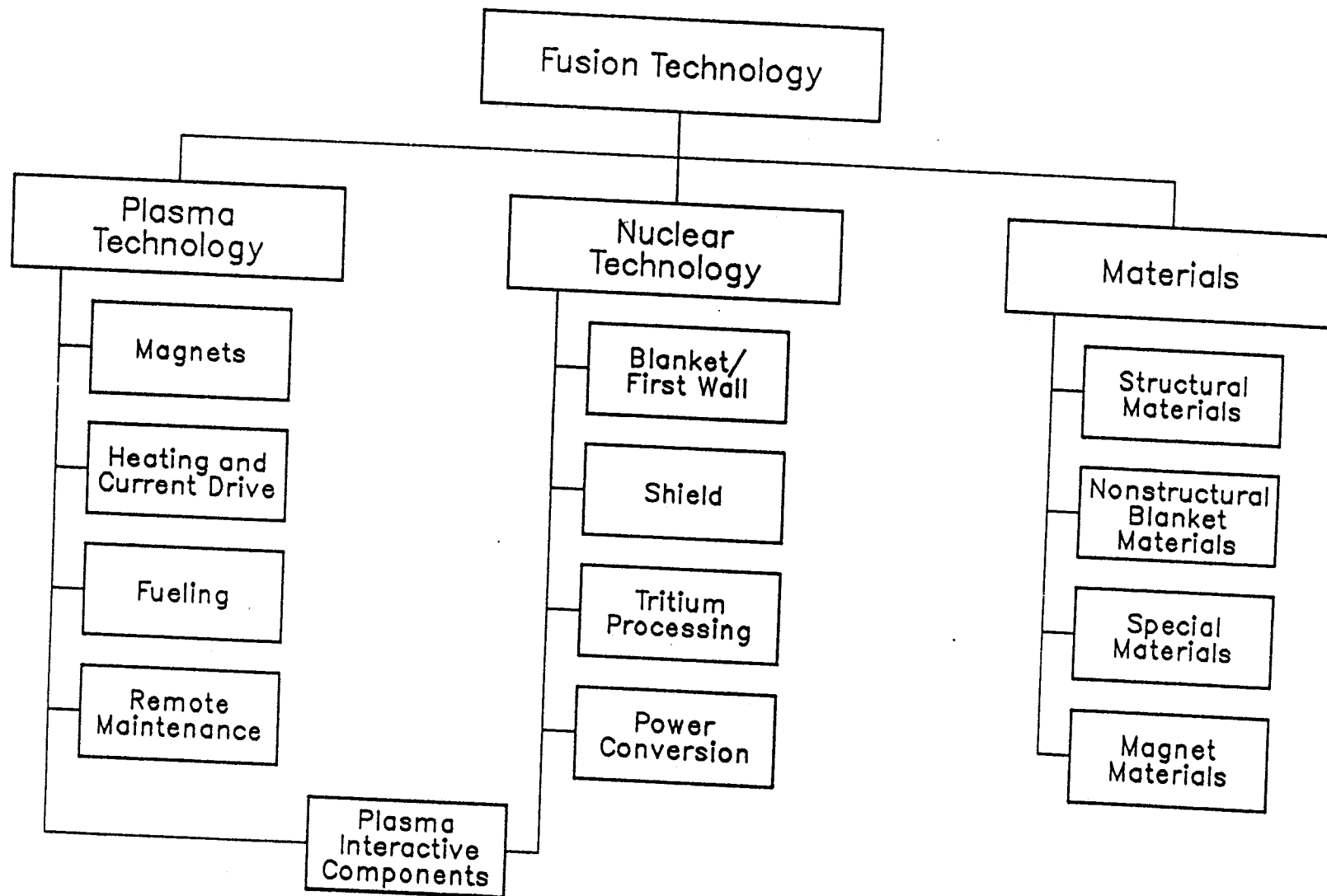


TPA TECHNOLOGY STATUS

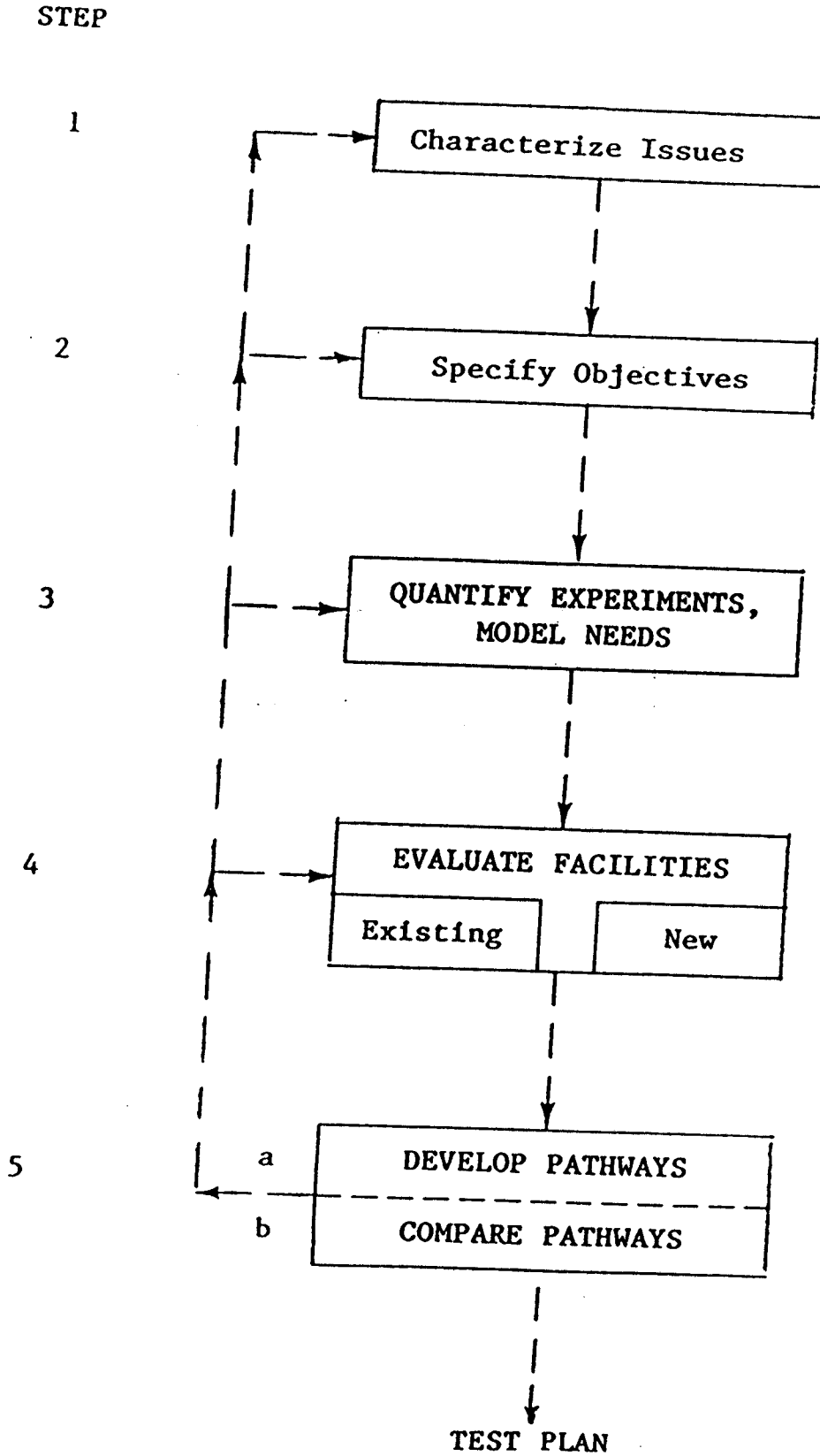
PRESENTATION TO THE TPA INDUSTRIAL
ADVISORY COMMITTEE

MOHAMED ABDOU

15 JANUARY 1986



TPA TECHNOLOGY METHODOLOGY STEPS



TPA TECHNOLOGY STATUS SUMMARY

- COMPLETED STEPS 1 AND 2
 - CHARACTERIZE ISSUES
 - SPECIFY OBJECTIVES

- INTERIM REPORT IS BEING REVIEWED

- PHASE II WILL FOCUS ON STEPS 3-5
 - MAJOR EXPERIMENTS AND FACILITIES
 - TECHNICAL LOGIC NETWORK

DEFINITION OF ISSUE?

- DIFFICULT TO DEVELOP PRECISE MEANING
- OFTEN USED TO CONVEY DIFFERENT MEANINGS:

PROBLEM

UNCERTAINTY WITH NEGATIVE
CONSEQUENCE

ELEMENT

TECHNICAL AREA, TOPIC

- SELDOM USED TO MEAN POSITIVE

ISSUE CHARACTERIZATION ITEMS
IN TECHNOLOGY REPORT

1. DESCRIPTION

2. POTENTIAL IMPACT ON DESIGN
 - FEASIBILITY

 - ATTRACTIVENESS

3. DESIGN SPECIFICITY
 - HOW GENERIC/SPECIFIC RELATIVE TO
 - CLASS OF DESIGNS

 - TECHNOLOGY COMPONENT

 - CONFINEMENT CONCEPTS

4. OVERALL LEVEL OF CONCERN
 - OVERALL IMPORTANCE TO FUSION

 - COMPOSITE: BASED ON 2, 3 AND
OTHER FACTORS

POTENTIAL IMPACT ON DESIGN

Feasibility Issues

- May Close the Design Window
- May Result in Unacceptable Safety Risk
- May Result in Unacceptable Reliability, Availability or Lifetime

Attractiveness Issues

- Reduced System Performance
- Reduced Component Lifetime
- Increased System Cost
- Less Desirable Safety or Environmental Impact



EXAMPLES OF ISSUES

PRIMARY ISSUES FOR MATERIALS

- RADIATION EFFECTS ON MATERIALS PROPERTIES
 - MECHANICAL
 - THERMOPHYSICAL
 - THERMOCHEMICAL
 - OTHERS

- BASELINE (UNIRRADIATED) PROPERTIES
 - NECESSARY FOR SCOPING PRIOR TO IRRADIATION

- FABRICATION/JOINING

PRIMARY ISSUES FOR BLANKET

LIQUID METAL

- MHD EFFECTS
- COMPATIBILITY
- IRRADIATION EFFECTS
STRUCTURE

SOLID BREEDER

- TRITIUM RECOVERY, INVENTORY
- THERMOMECHANICAL INTERACTIONS
- IRRADIATION EFFECTS
STRUCTURE/BREEDER/M

- FUEL SELF SUFFICIENCY
- TRITIUM EXTRACTION, CONTROL
- FAILURE MODES AND EFFECTS

PRIMARY ISSUES FOR PLASMA INTERACTIVE COMPONENTS (PIC)

- PARTICLE EXHAUST, RECYCLING
 - EROSION/REDEPOSITION
 - ENERGY REMOVAL/RECOVERY
 - THERMOMECHANICAL LOADING AND RESPONSE
 - RADIATION EFFECTS
 - TRITIUM PERMEATION AND INVENTORY
 - FABRICATION
-

EXAMPLES OF OBJECTIVES

OBJECTIVE

- IDENTIFIES WHAT MUST BE ACHIEVED AND A DIRECTION FOR ACHIEVEMENT

ATTRIBUTE

- A SPECIFIC OR QUANTIFIABLE PARAMETER TO INDICATE THE DEGREE TO WHICH ITS ASSOCIATED OBJECTIVE IS MET
- VARIETY OF MEASUREMENT SCALES
NATURAL, PROXY, OR CONSTRUCTED

FUSION NUCLEAR TECHNOLOGY

OBJECTIVE

SHOW THAT IT WILL BE POSSIBLE TO DEVELOP ATTRACTIVE NUCLEAR TECHNOLOGY SUBSYSTEMS UNDER CONDITIONS RELEVANT TO FUSION ENERGY SOURCES.

PROVIDE A PREDICTIVE CAPABILITY WHICH CAN BE USED TO ASSESS THE PERFORMANCE OF FUSION NUCLEAR SUBSYSTEMS

BLANKET OBJECTIVE
DEVELOP ATTRACTIVE BLANKET TECHNOLOGY
FOR ENERGY AND FUEL PRODUCTION AND RECOVERY

ATTRACTIVENESS
(SUBOBJECTIVE)

PREDICTIVE CAPABILITY
AND UNDERSTANDING
(SUBOBJECTIVE)

ATTRIBUTE: CS-P

ECONOMICS/PERFORMANCE
(SUB-SUBOBJECTIVE)

ATTRIBUTE: CS-E

SAFETY/ENVIRONMENT
(SUB-SUBOBJECTIVE)

ATTRIBUTE: CS-S

BLANKET ATTRIBUTE
KEY PARAMETERS IN CONSTRUCTED SCALE

ECONOMICS/PERFORMANCE

- NEUTRON WALL LOAD
- SURFACE HEAT FLUX
- TRITIUM BREEDING
- THERMAL EFFICIENCY
- ENERGY MULTIPLICATION
- BLANKET THICKNESS
- RELIABILITY
- LIFETIME
- SECTOR MTBF/MTTR
- BLANKET/TRANSPORT LOOP COST

SAFETY/ENVIRONMENT

- CHEMICAL REACTIVITY
- RESPONSE TO LOSS-OF-COOLANT
- VULNERABLE TRITIUM INVENTORY
- LONG-TERM ACTIVATION
- AFTERHEAT
- ROUTINE RADIOACTIVITY RELEASE
- OTHERS

PREDICTION/UNDERSTANDING

- MHD
 - FLUID VELOCITY PROFILE
 - PRESSURE DROP
 - HEAT TRANSFER
 - CORROSION
- TRITIUM INVENTORY
 - SOLUBILITY
 - TRANSPORT
 - ETC.
- MATERIALS INTERACTIONS
 - BREEDER/STRUCTURE
 - COOLANT/STRUCTURE
 - PURGE/BREEDER

Plasma Technology Objective

Establish the scientific and technological base required for plasma technology.

Magnet Objective

Improve magnets for fusion experiments and establish a data base for the confining magnetic fields technology under conditions applicable to fusion reactors.

Heating and Current Drive Objective

Establish scientific and technological data base for reliable operation of subsystems for heating plasmas to high temperatures and creating desired particle distributions and efficient confinement.

Fueling Objective

Establish scientific and technological data base for reliable operation of subsystems for fueling large, high temperature plasmas.

Remote Maintenance Objective

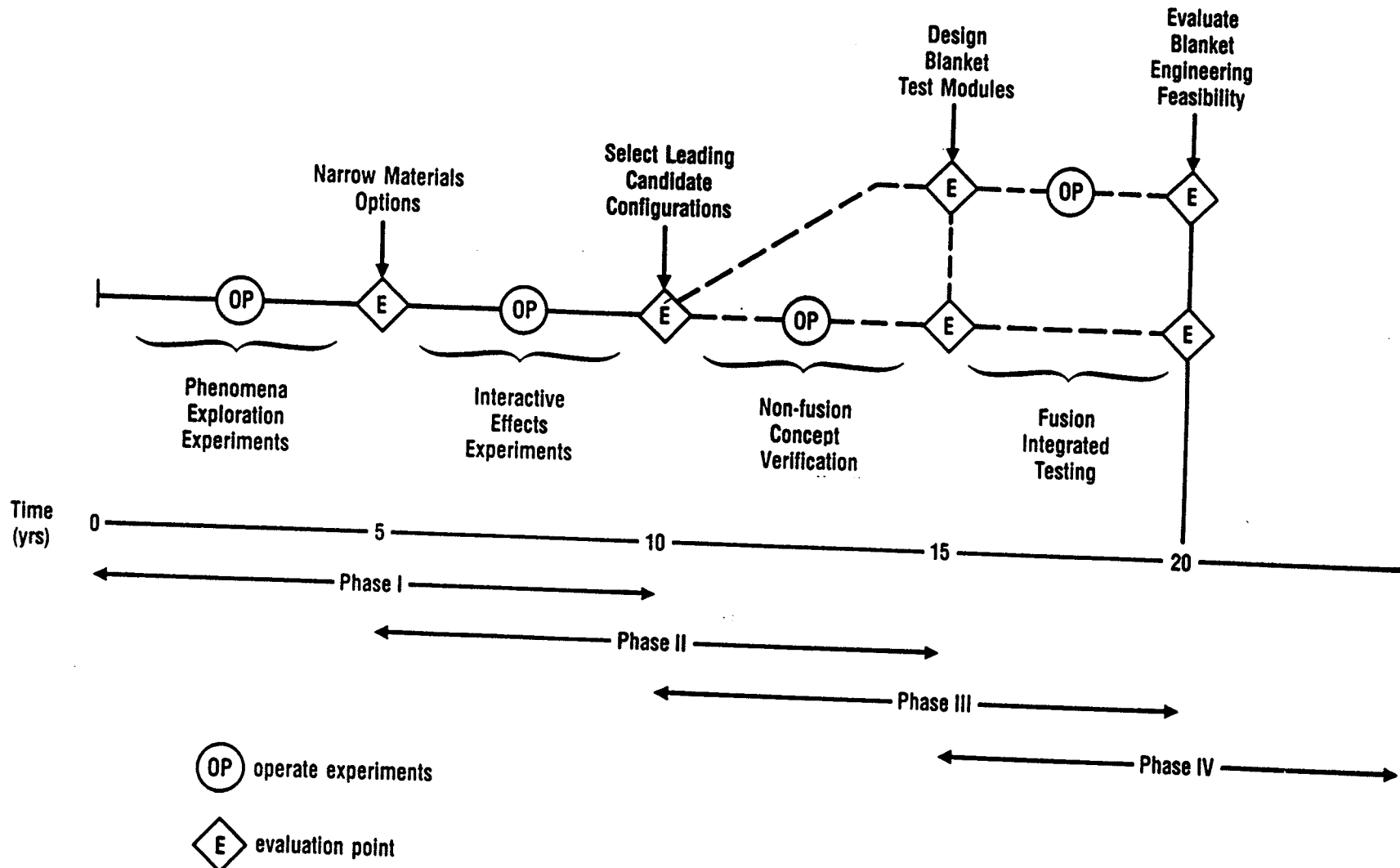
Develop design inputs, equipment and procedures to support machine availability goals.

Plasma Interactive Components Objective*

Establish the scientific and technological data base for reliable operation of subsystems that provide for plasma particle and energy removal, input power transmission, and impurity control.

*Also shown under Nuclear Technology in Fig. 4.4-1.

EXAMPLES OF PLANNED EFFORT ON
EXPERIMENTS, FACILITIES AND TEST PLAN



OP operate experiments

E evaluation point

LIQUID BREEDER BLANKET TEST PLAN

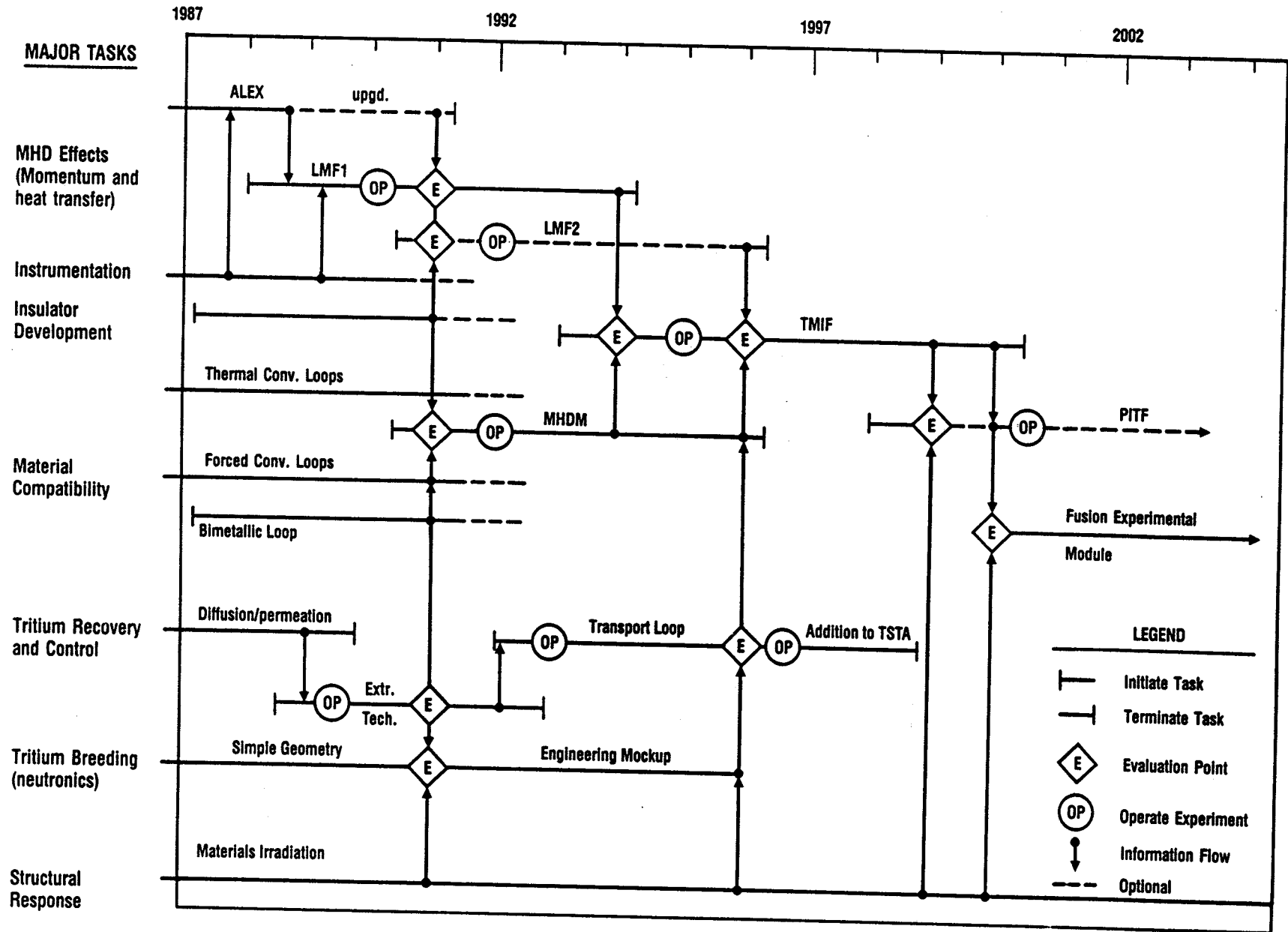


Table 2-23. Representative Costs of Key Liquid Breeder Blanket Facilities

Item	Capital Cost ^a (M\$)	Operating Cost ^b (M\$/yr)	Duration (years)	Total Cost (M\$)
Advanced liquid metal flow facility (LMF1)	7-10	0.5	4-6	10-15
Integral Parameter Experiment (LMF2)	7-10	0.5	4-6	10-15
MHD mass transfer facility (MHDM)	8-12	1.0	6-8	15-20
Thermal convection loops (~4)	2-4	0.8	4-6	5-9
Forced convection loops (~4)	4-6	0.8	4-6	7-11
Tritium extraction test (2)	2-3	0.4	3-4	3-5
Tritium transport loop test	6-8	0.6	5-7	9-12
Thermomechanical Integrated Test Facility (TMIF)	20-25	2.0-3.0	8-10	35-60
Analysis and model development	--	2.0-4.0	15	30-60

^aIn 1985 constant dollars

^bDoes not include analysis of data